



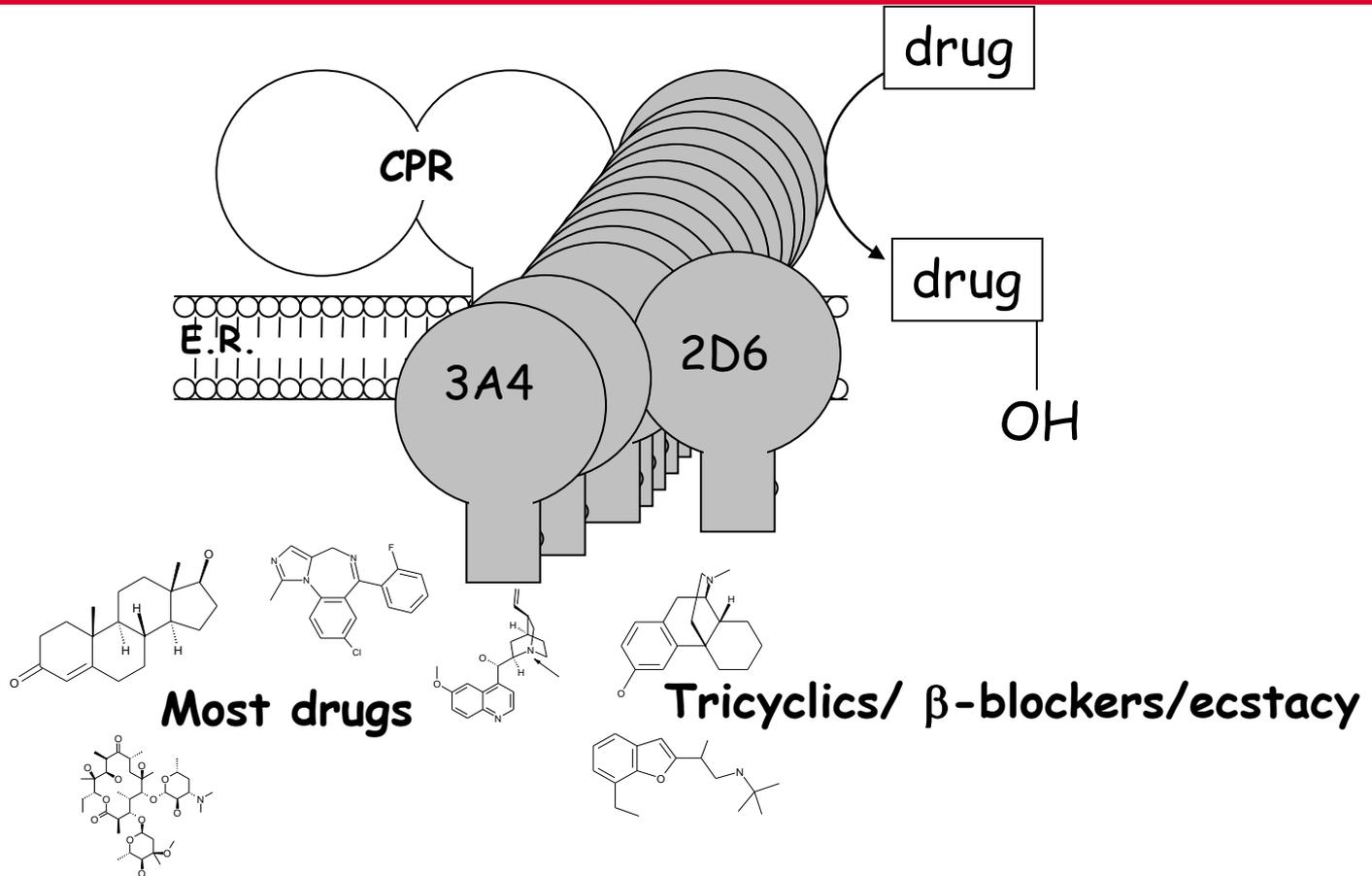
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*Metabolic Resistance Mechanisms: of  
man and mosquitoes*

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*Mark Paine - IRAC 19<sup>th</sup> March 2013 14.30 - 15.00*

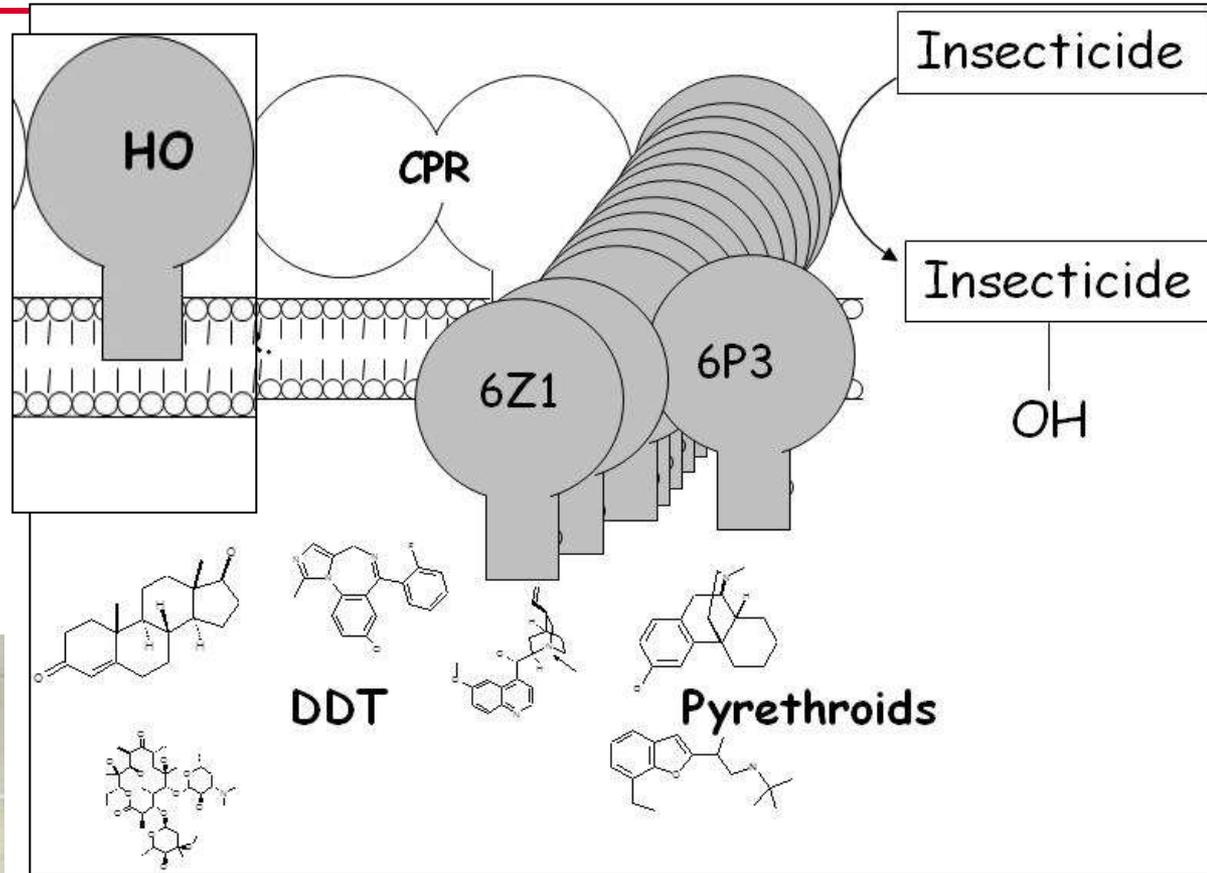
*Drug Discovery: The first Commandment  
Thou shalt determine if your drug is a  
P450 ligand*



# Insecticide Resistance: Mechanisms, Monitoring, New Tools

## Enzyme Characterisation Group

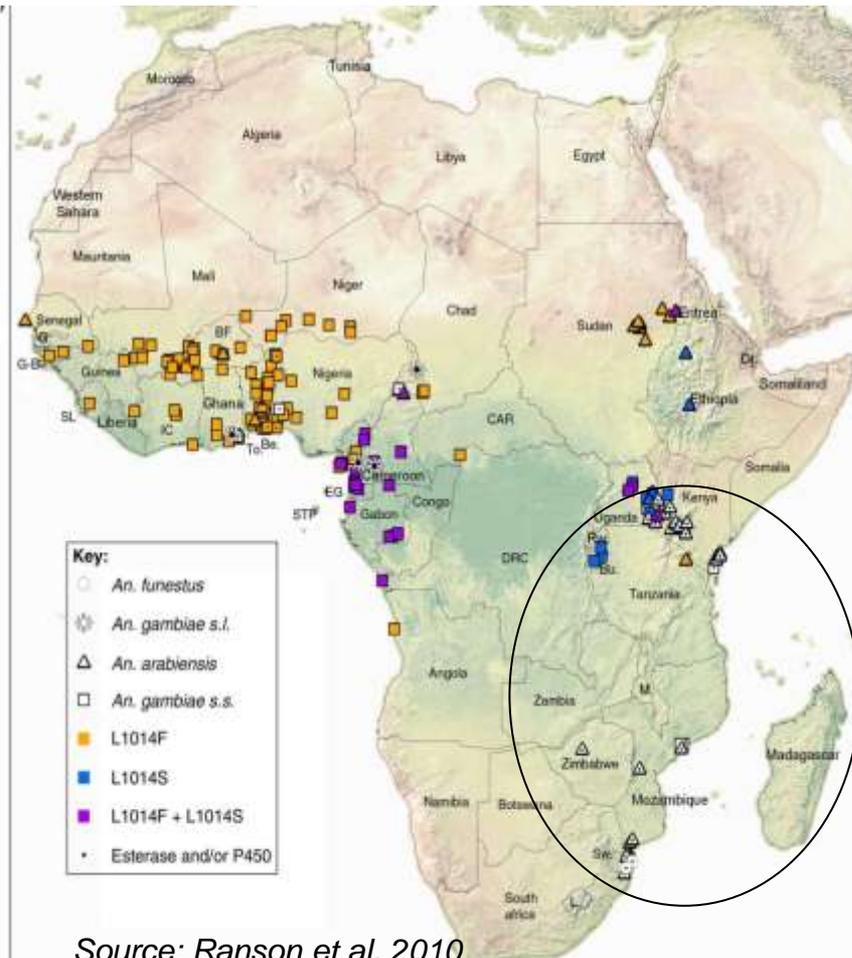
- Resistance
  - Validation
  - Mechanism
  - Translation
    - P450
    - Heme oxygenase
    - Diagnostic kits



Mosquitoes, Sand flies, Bees, Spidermites, Whitefly, Diamondback moth

# How metabolic resistance mechanisms vary amongst mosquitoes (Anophelinae)

## Pyrethroid Resistance mechanisms



Source: Ranson et al. 2010

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## Pipeline for identification of resistance candidates

Phenotype



Candidate



Validate



Technology



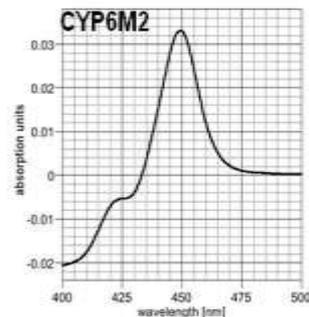
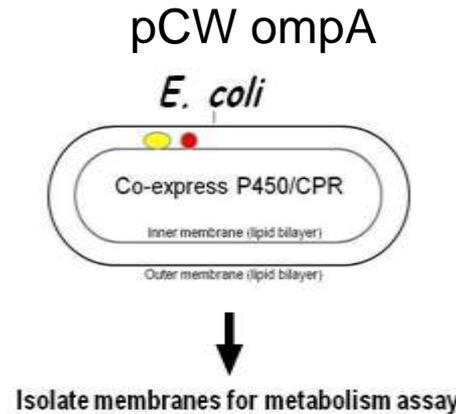
Field test

Source: Coleman et al. 2006

# Pyrethroid characterisation pipeline 2006 - 2008

Candidates → Cloning → Expression → Metabolism

Organism	Gene
<i>A. gambiae</i>	cyp325a3
	cyp4g16
	cyp4h19
	cyp4h24
	cyp6m2
	cyp6p3
	cyp6z1
	cyp6z2
	gsts1-1
	gsts1-2
<i>A. funestus</i>	cyp6p4
	cyp6p9
<i>A. aegypti</i>	cyp6cb1
	cyp9j10
	cyp9j19
	cyp9j24
	cyp9j26
	cyp9j28
	cyp9j32
	cyp9j9
	gste4



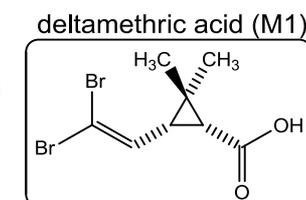
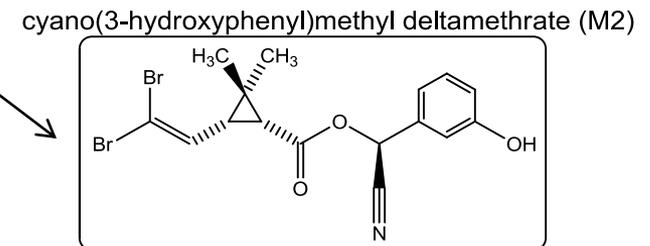
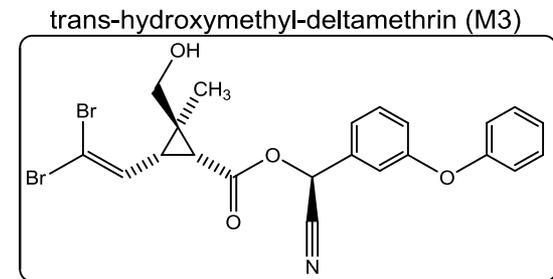
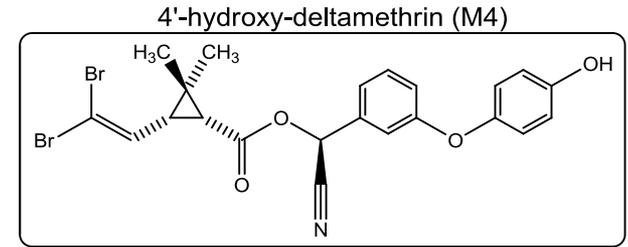
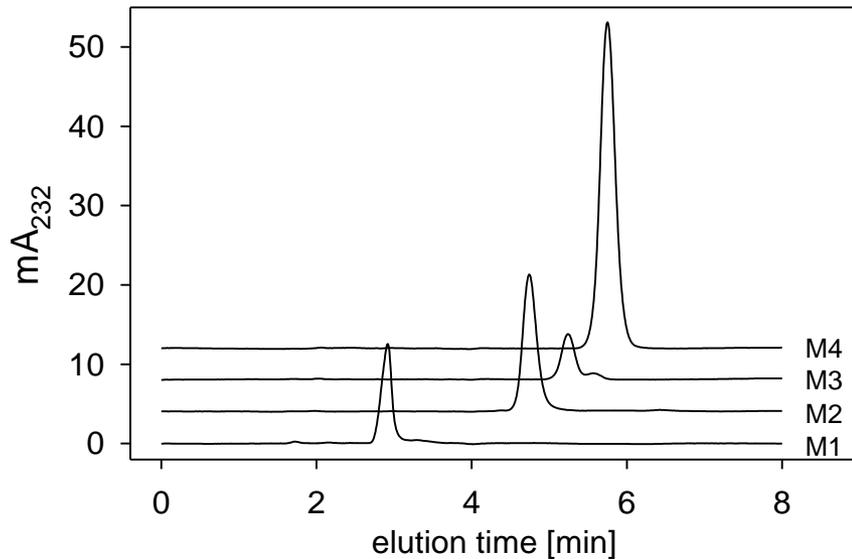
CYP6Z2, CYP6M2 and CYP6P3  
300 – 400 assays/litre culture

P450	Permeth (min <sup>-1</sup> )	Deltameth (min <sup>-1</sup> )
<b>CYP6P3</b>	<b>3.1</b>	<b>2.6</b>
<b>CYP6M2</b>	<b>6.0</b>	<b>1.2</b>
<b>CYP6Z2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>CYP6P9a</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<b>Yes</b>
<b>CYP9J32</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>3.0</b>

Muller et al, 2008 PLoS Gen  
Stevenson et al 2011, IBMB  
Stevenson et al 2012, PLoS NTD  
McLaughlin et al, 2006, IMB  
Riveron et al, 2013, PNAS

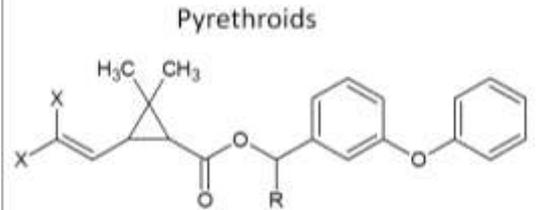
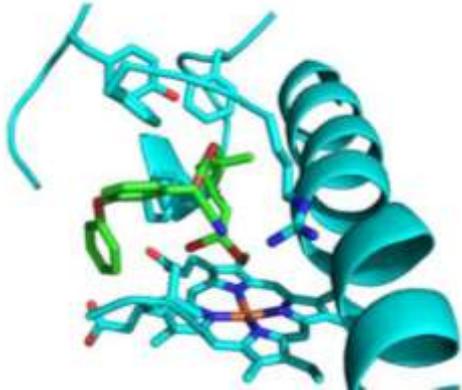
# CYP6M2: How is deltamethrin metabolised?

Reaction volumes and times were increased and metabolites were isolated by HPLC with fraction collection. These were then studied by mass spectrometry and NMR.



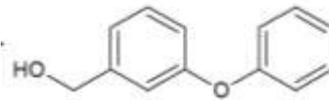
**Secondary metabolism needs to be considered**

# Why is CYP6Z2 overexpressed?



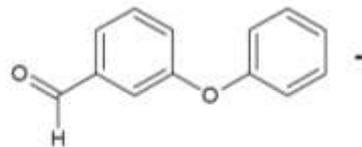
**Clashes prevent metabolism of pyrethroids**

PBAIc



**But not metabolic products**

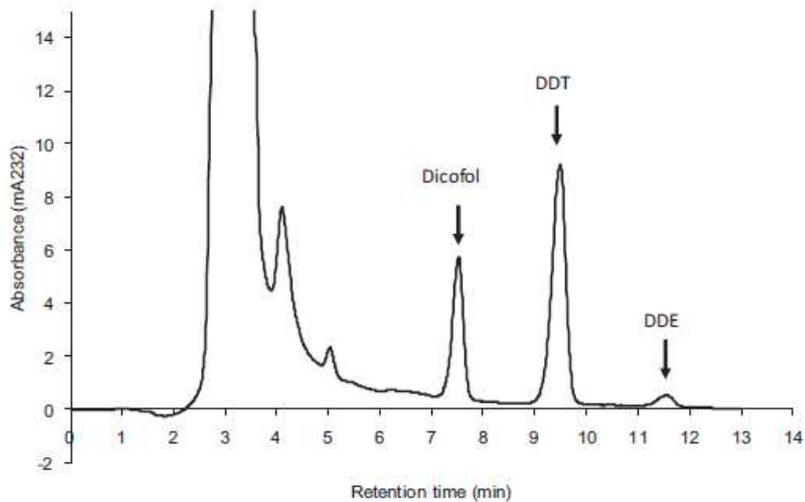
PBAId



**Does secondary metabolism contribute to resistance?**

J-P David *et al* submitted

# Evidence that cooperativity may be important



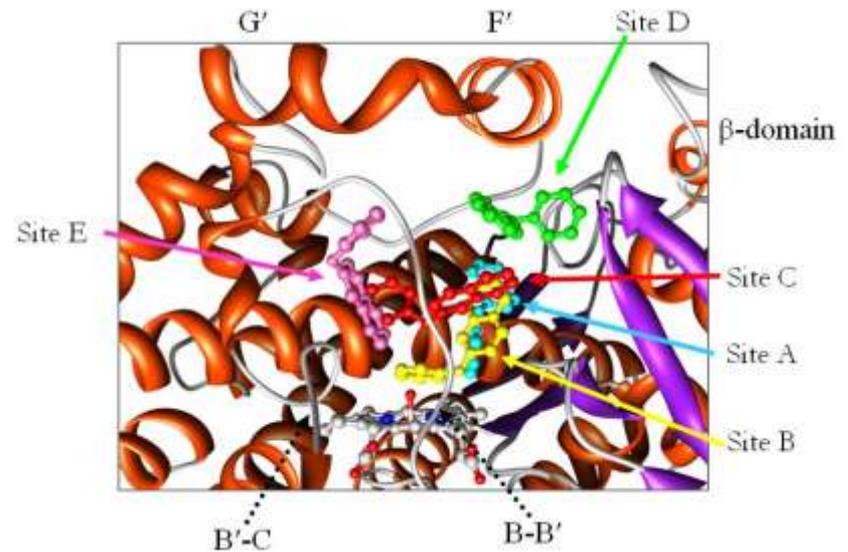
**CYP6M2 metabolises DDT to dicofol and DDE in the presence of sodium cholate**

0090-9556/08/3610-2136-2144\$20.00  
DRUG METABOLISM AND DISPOSITION  
Copyright © 2008 by The American Society for Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics  
DMD 36:2136-2144, 2008

Vol. 36, No. 10  
21733/3388107  
Printed in U.S.A.

## Multiple Substrate Binding by Cytochrome P450 3A4: Estimation of the Number of Bound Substrate Molecules<sup>[S]</sup>

Yury Kapelyukh,<sup>1</sup> Mark J. I. Paine,<sup>2</sup> Jean-Didier Maréchal,<sup>3</sup> Michael J. Sutcliffe,<sup>4</sup> C. Roland Wolf, and Gordon C. K. Roberts

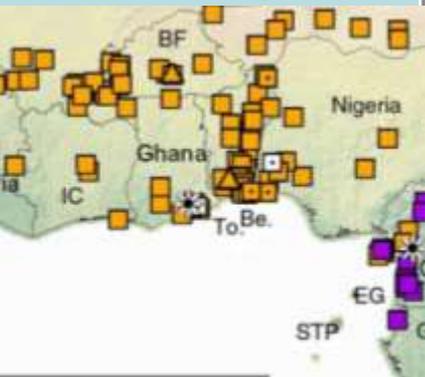


CYP3A4 binds at least 4 7BQ's

Mitchell *et al* 2012 PNAS

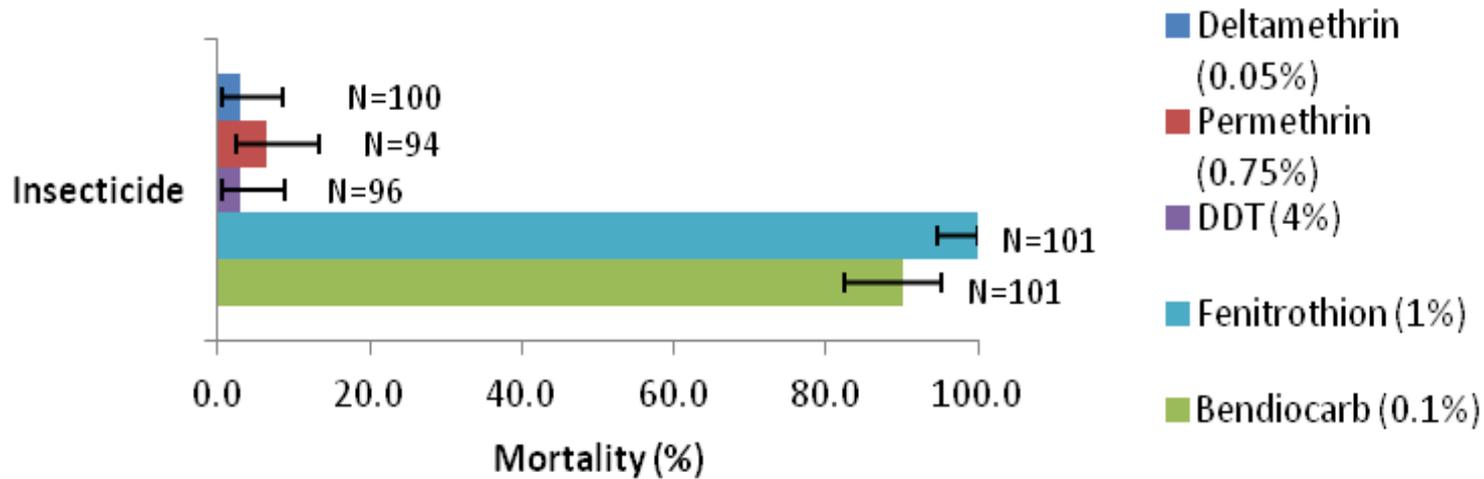
# 2012-13

WHO insecticide resistance bioassays from Burkino Fas and Ivory Coast

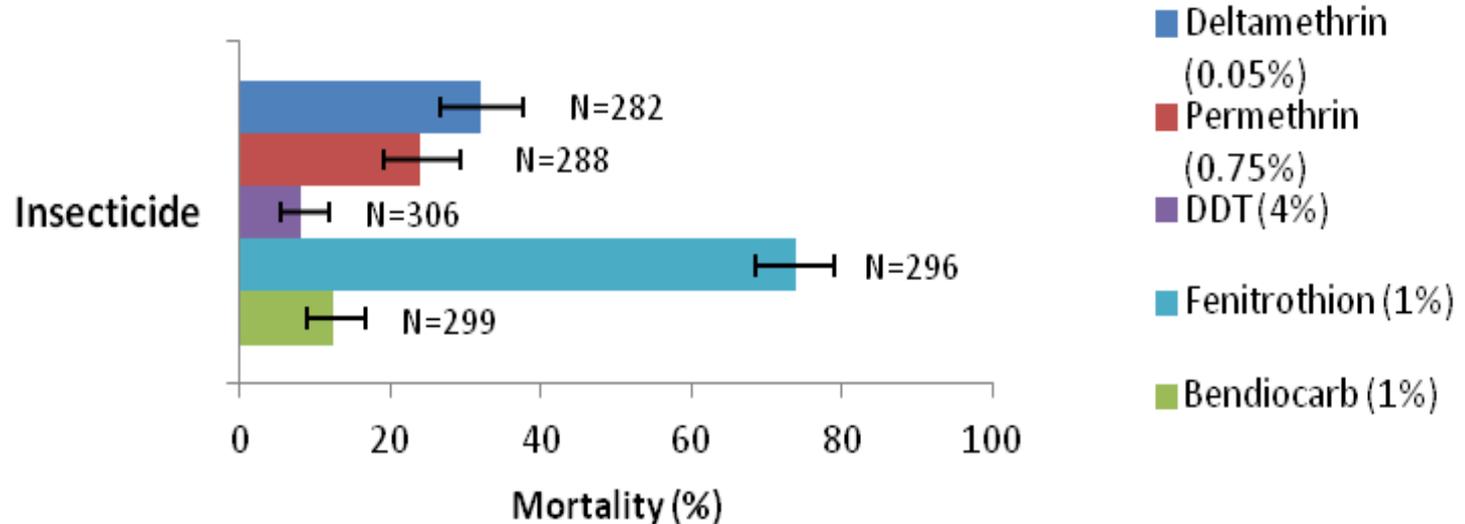


Chris Jones, Hilary Ranson  
Edi Constant  
Toe Hyacinthe  
Dave Weetman

## *An. gambiae* Vallée du Kou, Burkina Faso

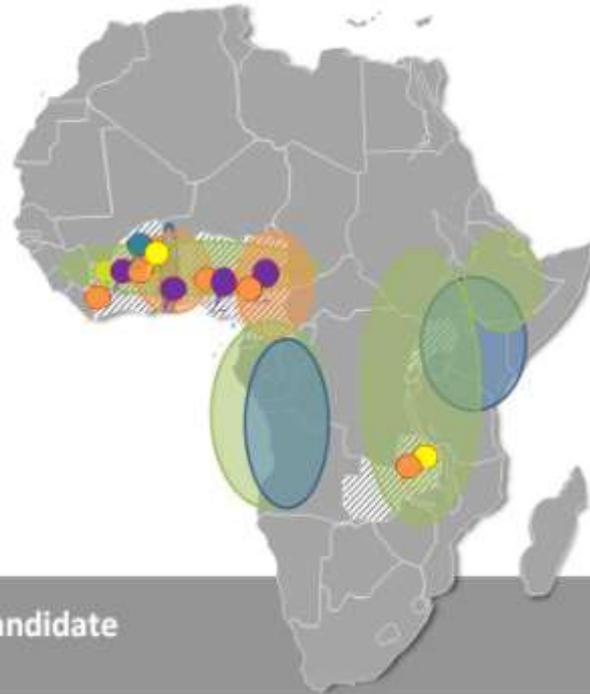


## *An. gambiae* Tiassalé, Cote d'Ivoire



# Current status - distribution of Pyrethroid Resistance Genes in *An gambiae* and *arabiensis*

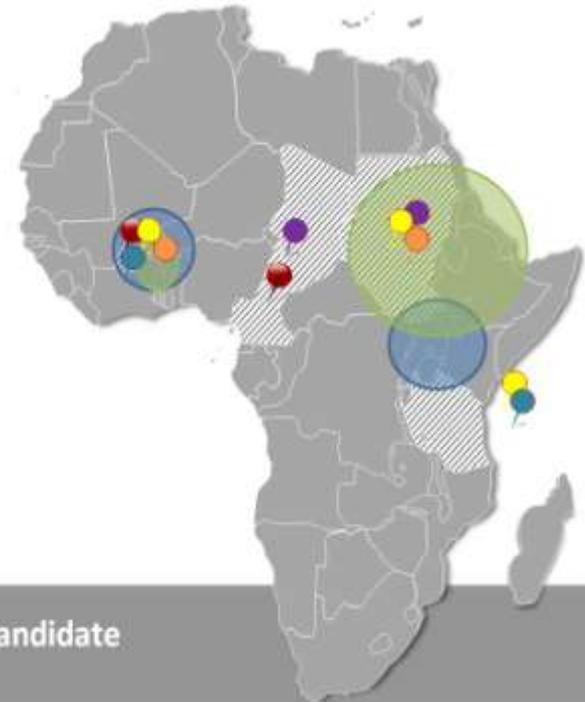
- Microarray Study Sites
- Kdr 1014S
- Kdr 1014F
- Kdr 1575Y
- Cyp4G
- Cyp6M
- Cyp6Z
- Cyp6P



Study sites

IS

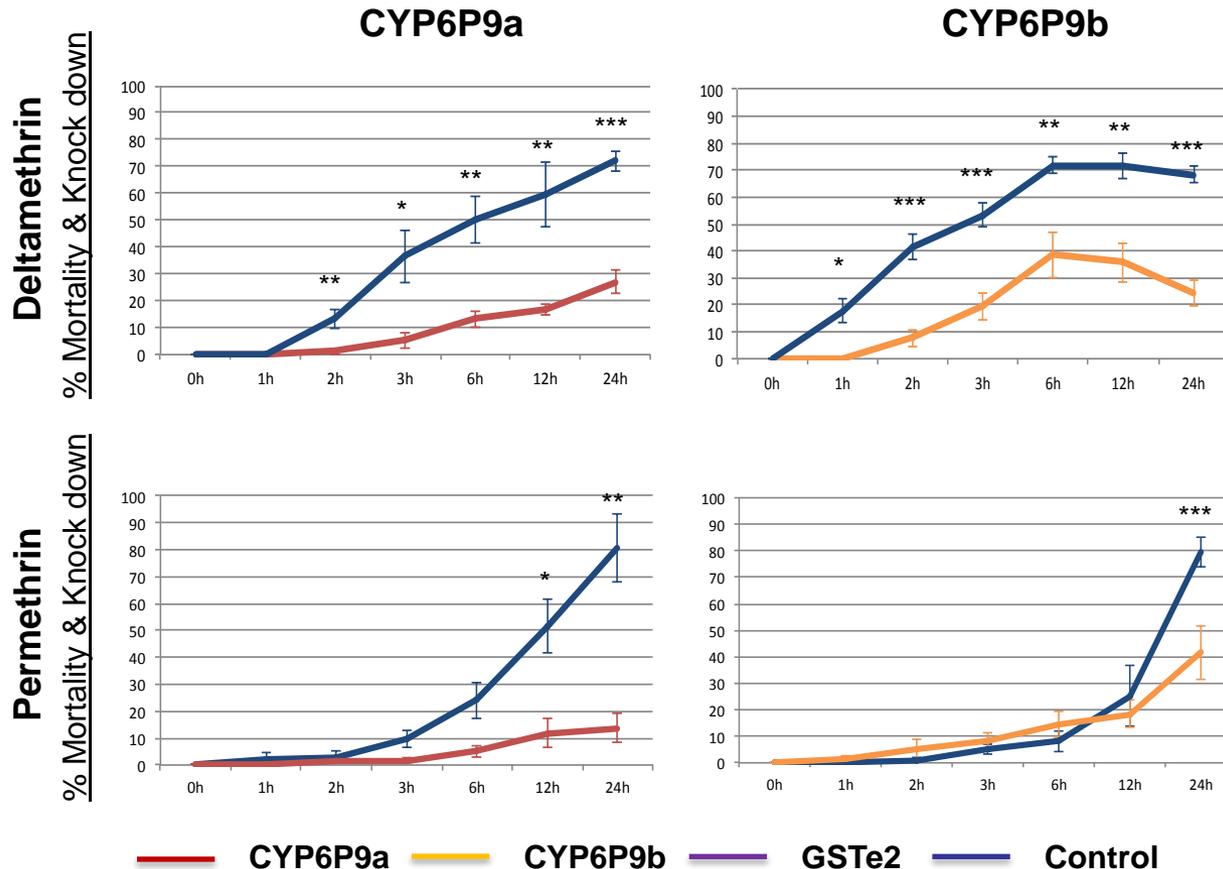
IF



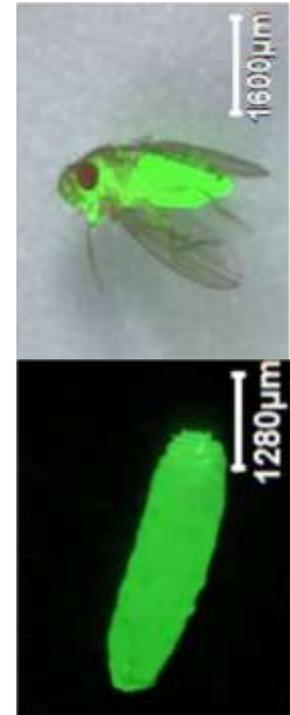
**Kdr and metabolic resistance, mostly overlapping**  
**Caution – limited set of data**

Contributed by Chris Jones

# Validation of *An funestus* resistance genes using transgenic *Drosophila melanogaster*



GAL4-Actin 5C  
broad tissue expression

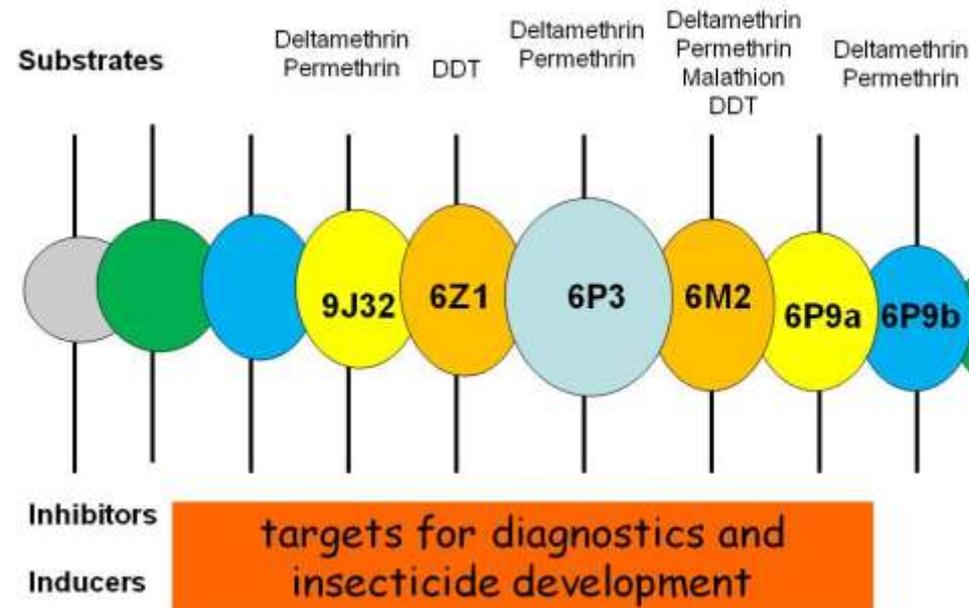


Shen et al; 2009

Riveron et al, 2013 PNAS.

In progress:  
CYP6M4 and 7  
CYP9J11

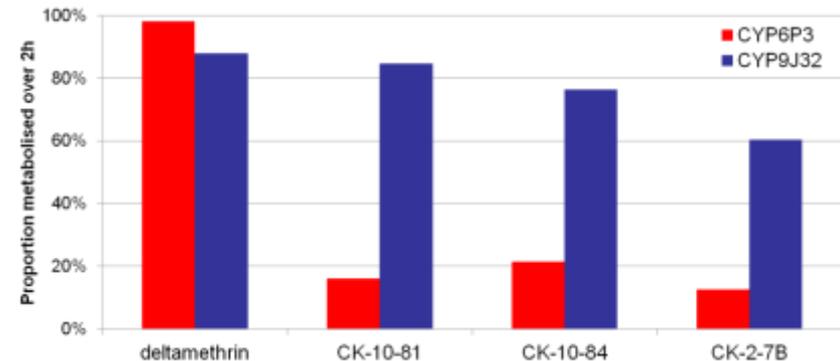
# ✓ Core metabolic resistance genes for pyrethroids have been identified



## Commercially Available



Mosquito CYP6P3, 6P9a, 9J32 from LSTM/LITE  
Mammalian from Cypex Ltd, Dundee

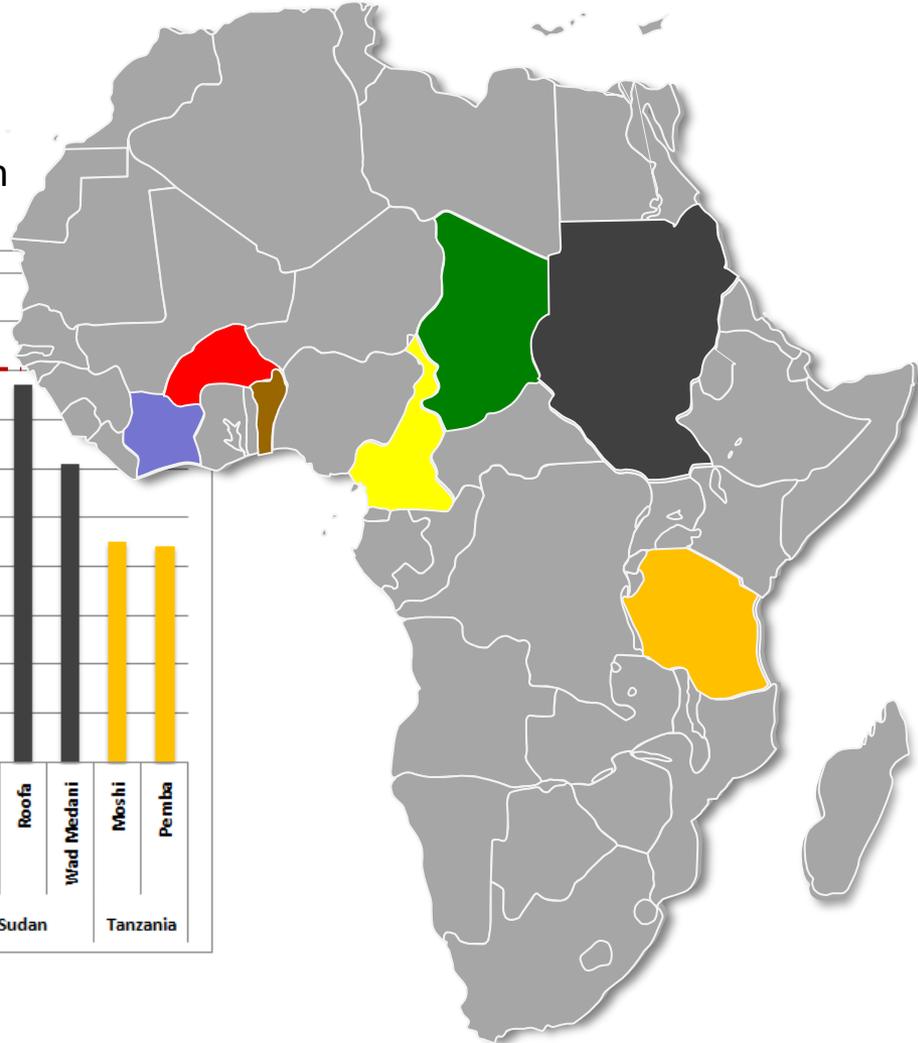
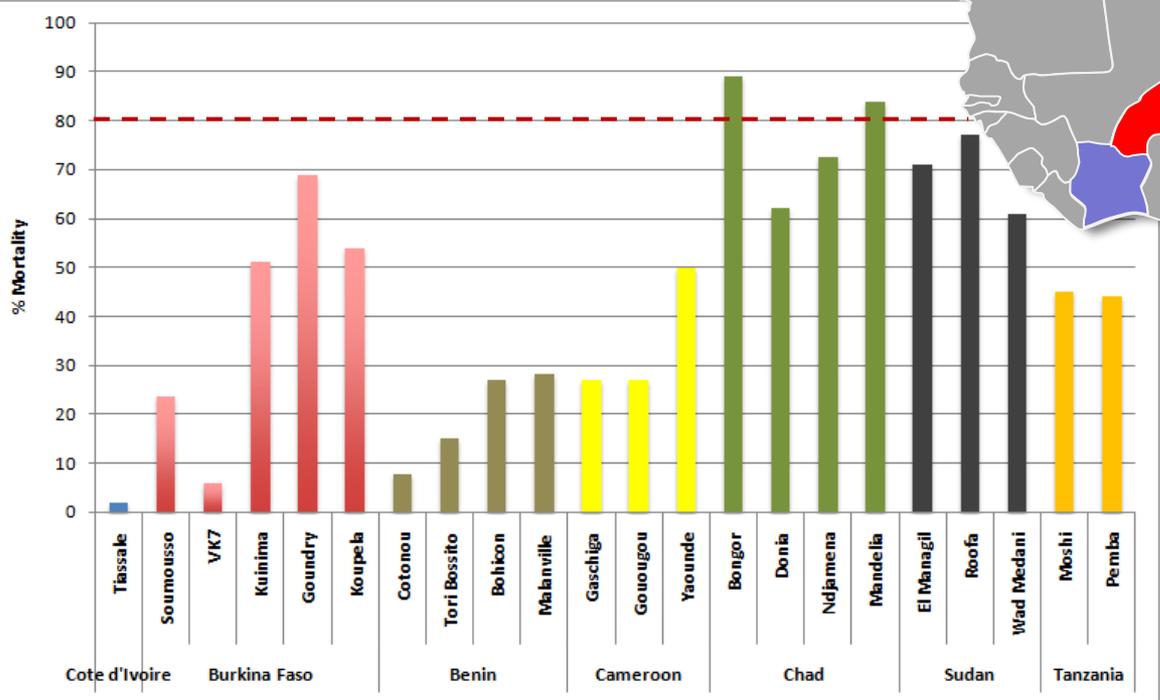


using CYPs to validate pyrethroid SAR (Ward, O'Neill, Hong)

# Variation in pyrethroid resistance across Africa

Variation clearly exists

Permethrin Mortality in *An gambiae s.l.* from Field Studies in 2010/2011\*



----- WHO criteria for 'insecticide resistance'

How does variation in metabolic resistance mechanisms lead to variations in resistance levels amongst insecticides from the same and different chemistries ??????

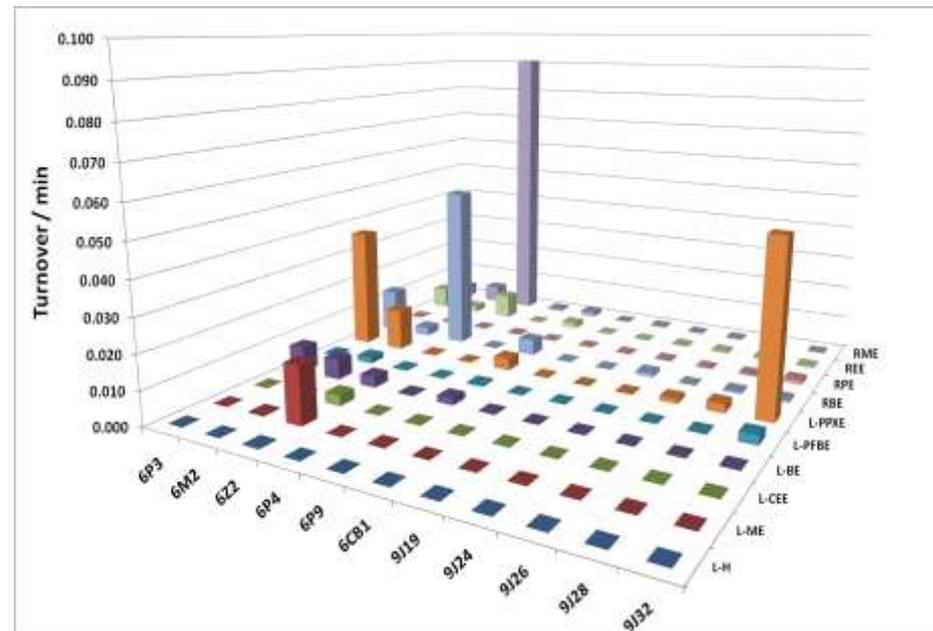
## Work in progress

### Bioassays

Strain	Insecticide	LD50	RR
Ngousso ( <i>An. gambiae</i> )	Permethrin		
	Bifenthrin	0.04	
	Deltamethrin	0.0196	
	Lambda-cyhalothrin	0.017	
VK7 ( <i>An. gambiae</i> )	Permethrin	6.3246	
	Bifenthrin		
	Deltamethrin	0.2601	13.266
	Lambda-cyhalothrin		

Determine relative resistance levels

### P450 profiling



Identification of diagnostic probes

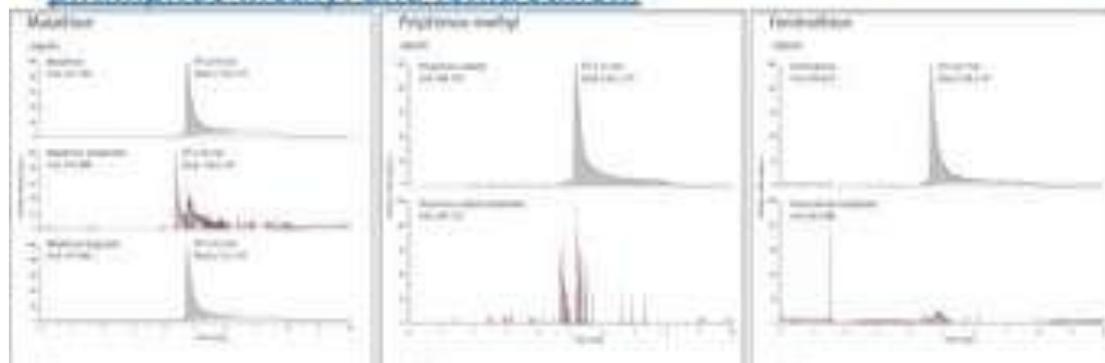
# Profile of CYP6M2 interactions with WHO insecticides

**Table 2. IC<sub>50</sub> for CYP6M2 inhibition by 15 insecticides.**

Compound	IC <sub>50</sub> (µM)	Class
DDT	2.31 ± 0.56	OC
Chlorpyrifos	0.94 ± 0.19	OP
Diclorvos	> 10	OP
Fenitrothion	2.30 ± 0.72	OP
Malathion	0.14 ± 0.05	OP
Phosphinos methyl	1.22 ± 0.48	OP
Bendiocarb	> 100	C
Propoxur	> 100	C
Alpha-cypermethrin	0.32 ± 0.12	P
Bifenthrin	1.98 ± 0.37	P
Cyfluthrin	0.31 ± 0.08	P
Deltamethrin	0.51 ± 0.03	P
Etofenprox	1.84 ± 0.67	P
Lambda-cyhalothrin	1.04 ± 0.26	P
Permethrin	1.19 ± 0.25	P

n = 3 different CYP6M2 preps OC Organochlorine, OP, organophosphate, C, carbamate, P, pyrethroid

**Fig 2. LC-MS analysis of CYP6M2 metabolism of malathion, pirimiphos methyl and fenitrothion.**



**Rapid inhibition screens provide an indication of susceptibility to metabolism**

Voice *et al* Poster ISSX USA 2012

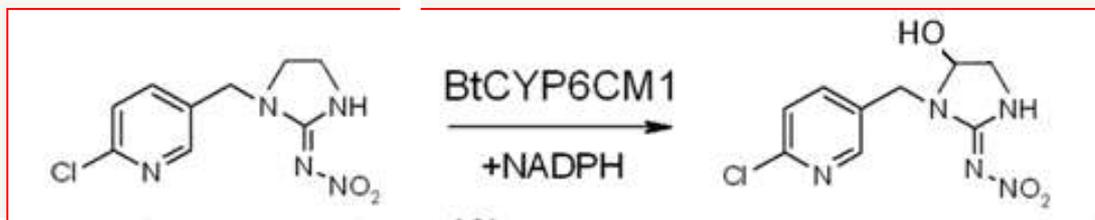
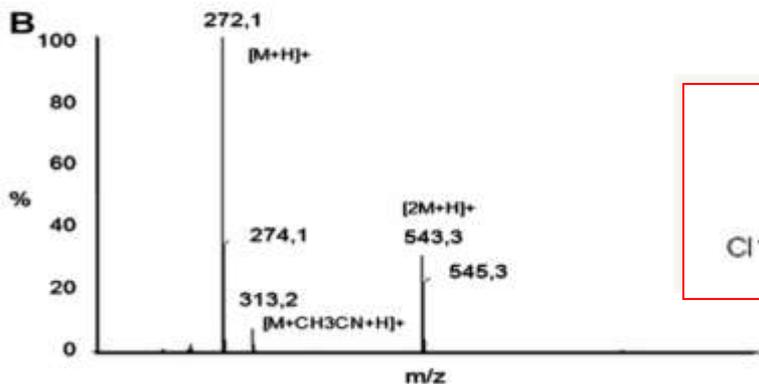
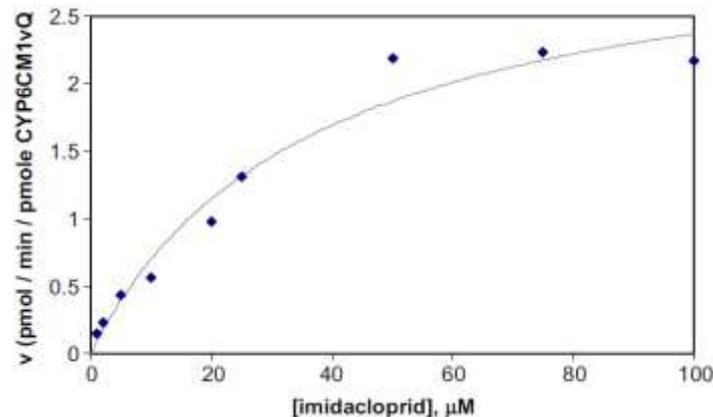
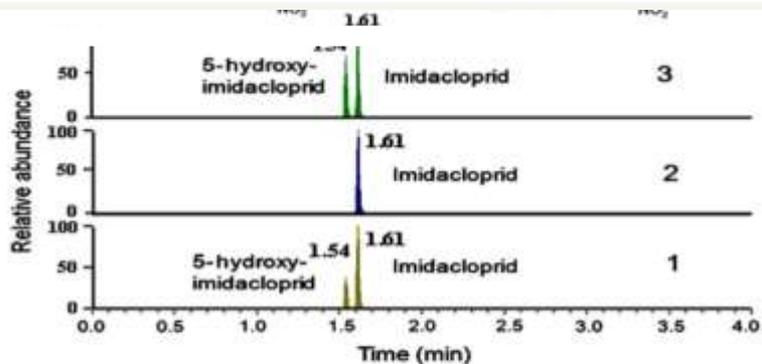
Cypex Ltd Dundee

# Core P450s: metabolism profile against WHO insecticides

% Turnover

Insecticide	<i>An. gambiae</i>			<i>An. funestus</i>		<i>Ae. aegypti</i>	
	<i>CYP6M2</i>	<i>CYP6P3</i>	<i>CYP6Z2</i>	<i>CYP6P9a</i>	<i>CYP6P9b</i>	<i>CYP9J3</i> <i>2</i>	<i>CYP9J24</i>
Deltamethrin	60	92	15	74		90	30
Permethrin	49	98	20	85		61	76
Lambda-cyhalothrin				94			
Bifenthrin		98	0	78		25	0
Alpha-cypermethrin	88	99	0	74			3
Etofenprox		98	13	90			22
DDT			0	0			
Malathion							
Bendiocarb							
Propoxur							

# Identification of metabolite: the CYP6CM1vQ enzyme catalyses the hydroxylation of imidacloprid to its 5-hydroxy form with a high conversion rate



P450s play a key role in metabolic resistance in agricultural pests



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Insect Biochemistry and Molecular Biology 39 (2009) 697–706

journal homepage: [www.elsevier.com/locate/ibmb](http://www.elsevier.com/locate/ibmb)

Structural model and functional characterization of the *Bemisia tabaci* CYP6CM1vQ, a cytochrome P450 associated with high levels of imidacloprid resistance

Iris Karunker<sup>a,1</sup>, Evangelia Morou<sup>b,c,1</sup>, Dimitra Nikou<sup>b,c</sup>, Ralf Nauen<sup>d</sup>, Rotem Sertchook<sup>e</sup>, Bradley J. Stevenson<sup>c</sup>, Mark J.J. Paine<sup>c</sup>, Shai Morin<sup>a,\*</sup>, John Vontas<sup>b,f,\*\*</sup>

## Conclusions

- Metabolic resistance clearly important factor in insecticide resistance
- As yet no easy diagnostic to determine its impact – reliance on microarrays
- However, starting to understand the core P450s involved in resistance
- Leading to new tools and Paradigms

